Std. 9 21-9-2016

## Summative Assessment I in MATHEMATICS

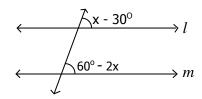
Time: 3 hrs. M. Marks: 90

## General Instructions:

- i) Attempt all the questions.
- ii) This question paper consists of 31 questions divided into four sections A, B, C and D. Section A comprises of 4 questions of 1 mark each, section B comprises of 6 questions of 2 marks each, section C comprises of 10 questions of 3 marks each and section D comprises of 11 questions of 4 marks each.

SECTION – A 
$$(1 \times 4 = 4 \text{ marks})$$

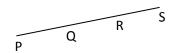
- 1. Find the product of  $2\sqrt{3}$  and  $5\sqrt{3}$ .
- 2. Find the value of x, in the figure, for which *l* is parallel to *m*.



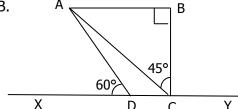
- 3. If x 2 is a factor of  $x^3 + px 2px^2 2$ , then find the value p.
- 4. If A, B and C are three points on a line and B lies between A and C, then prove that AB + BC = AC.

SECTION – B 
$$(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

5. In the given figure, PR = QS then prove that PQ = RS.

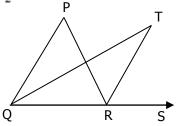


- 6. Find the area of a triangle whose sides measure 24cm, 18cm and 30cm.
- 7. If two lines intersect each other then prove that vertically opposite angles are equal.
- 8. Find four rational numbers between  $\frac{-6}{7}$  and  $\frac{-7}{6}$ .
- 9. A square ABCD is drawn in the first quadrant. If two of its vertices A and B lie on (2, 2) and (7, 2) respectively then write the coordinates of its other two vertices.
- 10. In the given figure XY||AB. Find  $\angle$ DAC.

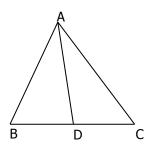


 $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

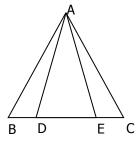
- 11. If  $p(x) = 2x^2 x + 3$  then evaluate  $p(-2) p(1) + p(\frac{1}{2})$ .
- 12. In the given figure., the side QR of  $\triangle PQR$  is produced to a point S. If the bisectors of  $\angle PQR$  and  $\angle PRS$  meet at point T. Then prove that  $\angle QTR = \frac{1}{2} \angle QPR$ .



- 13. Factorise:  $8a^3 27b^3 + 8c^3 + 36abc$ .
- 14. If  $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ , then find the value of  $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ .
- 15. A field is in the shape of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides measure 125m and 85m. The measure of one of its diagonal is 60m. Find the area of this parallelogram.
- 16. Evaluate :  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{7+\sqrt{6}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6+\sqrt{5}}}$
- 17. In the given figure AC > AB and AD bisects ∠BAC. Prove that ∠ADC > ∠ADB.
  A farmer grows vegetables in △ABC and donates all the vegetables produced in △ABD to an orphanage.
  What value/s are shown by this act of the farmer?



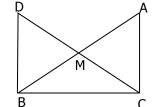
- 18. Check whether the polynomial  $p(x) = 4x^2 x + 4x^3 1$  is a multiple of (1 + 2x).
- 19. In the figure, AB = AC and D and E are points on the side BC such that BD = EC. Prove that AD = AE.



20. Prove that  $(a + b)^3 - (a - b)^3 - 6a^2b + 6b^3 = 8b^3$ .

SECTION – D 
$$(4 \times 11 = 44 \text{ marks})$$

21. In the right  $\triangle$ ABC, right angled at C, M is the mid point of hypotenuse AB. C is joined to M and produced to a point D such that DM = CM. Point D is joined to B. Show that



- i)  $\Delta AMC \cong \Delta BMD$
- ii) ∠DBC is a right angle
- $7\sqrt{2}x^2 10x 4\sqrt{2}$ 22. i) **Factorise**

- (ii)  $a^2 + b^2 2ab 1$
- Plot the points P(-3, 3), Q(-4,-2), R(2, -2) and S(3, 3) on the graph. Hence name the figure 23. so formed after joining P, Q, R and S in order. Also find the area of the figure so formed.
- 24. Show that of all the line segments drawn from a given point not on it, the perpendicular line segment is the shortest.
- Factorise:  $\frac{1}{8}x^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^2y + \frac{1}{6}xy^2 + \frac{1}{27}y^3$ 25.
- 26. Represent  $\sqrt{8.5}$  on the number line.
- 27. AB is a line segment. P and Q are points on the opposite side of AB such that each of them is equidistant from the points A and B. Show that the line PQ is the perpendicular bisector of AB.
- Factorise :  $2x^3 + x^2 13x + 6$ 28.
- $(125)^{\frac{-2}{3}} \times 64^{\frac{2}{3}}$ i) 29. Simplify:
  - Write  $0.\overline{48}$  in the form of p/q, where p, q are integers and  $q \neq 0$ . ii)
- 30. Prove that the angles opposite to the equal sides of an isosceles triangle are equal.
- Factorise  $8x^3 + 343$ . Expand  $(a + 2b c)^2$ . 31. i)
  - ii)